

AP9200L Absolute Linear Encoder

Product data

Features

- · Highly miniaturized encoder
- Differential inductive sensing principle
- Insensitive to magnetic interference fields
- Robust against oil, water, dust, particles
- Profile-height encoder + scale < 5 mm
- Absolute position upon power-on

Applications

- Robotics
- · Linear actuators
- Industrial / laboratory / office automation
- X-Y stages
- · Pick & Place assembly equipment

Key Specifications

Description

The AP9200L absolute encoder kit consists of an encoder and a linear scale (Fig. 1). The encoder consists of a printed circuit board with a 2-track encoder-chip AP5603L on the frontside and a microcontroller on the backside. The microcontroller reads out the encoder-chip, calculates the absolute position and converts this into a binary SSI code. The output is a Serial Synchronous Interface SSI with an RS422 line driver. The linear scale is a PCB with passive copper strips arranged in 2 tracks with an unequal number of periods N1 and N2 (Fig. 9 and Table 5).

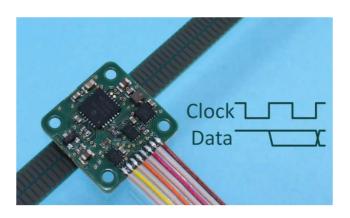
Maximum speed

The maximum speed of the encoder is user-programmable or can be programmed ex-factory according to Table 2.

Scales

Scales with different absolute measurement ranges are available and are selected in Table 5. The scale may be mounted on any substrate, using an alignment edge ≤ 0.2 mm for accurate positioning in front of the encoder.





Encoder assembly

The encoder has 4 screwholes and is delivered with 4 spacers (Fig. 8) that allow an easy assembly.

Encoder cable and connector

The encoder is optionally equipped with a flat twisted-pair cable of pitch 1.27 mm and an 8-pin DIN 41651 connector. The cable length and the connector type are selected in Tables 7 and 8.

Encoder programming

The Evaluation and Programming Tool (EPT) including an interface board and the ASSIST software is available for the evaluation, linearization and programming of the encoder.

3D models

3D STEP models of the encoder, the scale and the spacers are available on www.posic.com.







Microcontroller-side



Profile height Encoder + Scale < 5 mm



Specifications

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Remark	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	VDD		4.75	5.0	5.25	V
Operating Temperature	T _A		-20		100	°C
Airgap*	Z			0.2	0.5	mm
Lateral tolerance	ΔΥ				0.1	mm
Airgap tolerance	ΔΖ				0.1	mm

Max Airgap depends on max speed (Table 2), linearization (Table 4) and scale (Table 5).

Electrical Characteristics

Electrical characteristics over recommended operating conditions, typical values at VDD = 5.0 V, T_A = 25°C.

Parameter	Symbol	Remark	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply current	IDD	No load	55	70	85	mA
Derating for Max speed, Table 2		Temp range 0 to 65°C Temp range -20 to 100°C			-8 -14	%
Driver differential output voltage	V _{OD}	R _L = 100 Ω (1)	3.0	3.8		V
Driver common mode output	Voc	$R_L = 100 \Omega (1)$			3.2	V
Driver short circuit output current	Isc	See (1)			+/-450	mA
Differential input voltage threshold	V _{TH}	-7V < V _{CM} < 12V	-200		-50	
Rise time, fall time	t _r , t _f	C _L = 47 pF (1)		6	15	ns

⁽¹⁾ See EIA Specification RS-422 for exact test conditions.

SSI

001						
Parameter	Symbol	Remark	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
SSI clock frequency	Fssiclock		0.2	1	1.2	MHz
SSI Wait time	t SSIwait	Time between SSI-frames		20		us
Resolution		Bits per period of 1.2 mm Length of 1 LSB		16 0.02		Bits μm
Refresh rate	Frefresh			30		kHz

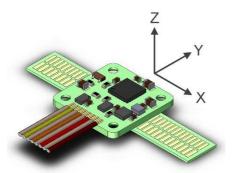


Fig. 1 Coordinate system XYZ.

Definitions

Airgap Distance between encoder and scale in Z-direction. See Fig. 1.

°e Electrical degree (one Cycle is 360°e)

SSI Serial Synchronous Interface

Period One copper strip on a linear scale

POSIC AP9200L

SSI Description

Connections

The SSI (synchronous serial interface) uses fully RS-422 compliant 5V differential transmission channels (Fig. 2). The clock input is terminated with a 120Ω resistor inside the encoder. For reliable transmission on long cables, the user has to terminate the data lines on the controller side with a resistor corresponding to the characteristic impedance of the used cable. The balanced characteristic impedance of a .05" AWG28 7/36 twisted pair flat cable is generally in the range of 120Ω .

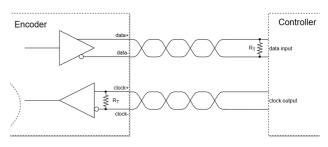


Fig. 2 SSI connections.

Transmission protocol

Bit nr.	30	29	28		8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Description	nE			Pos(22:0)			nW	CRC(5:0)					

Bit	Data field	Description
30	nE	No Error 1: Position data is valid 0: Position data is not valid
29:7	Pos(22:0)	Position, left aligned, transmitted MSB first Scale TPLA08: 16 bits per period x 8 periods = 19 bits over absolute range of 9.6 mm in Pos(22:3) Scale TPLA16: 16 bits per period x 16 periods = 20 bits over absolute range of 19.2 mm in Pos(22:2) Scale TPLA32: 16 bits per period x 32 periods = 21 bits over absolute range of 38.4 mm in Pos(22:1)
6	nW	No Warning 1: Position data is valid 0: Position data is valid, but some operational conditions may be close to the limits and the position data may be out of specification
5:0	CRC(5:0)	Cyclic Redundancy Check. The polynomial for the CRC calculation is x^6+x+1 . The initial value is 0 and the bits are transmitted inverted.

Normal transmission

A single data frame consist of 31 bit (Fig. 3). On the leading clock edge sent by the controller, the encoder fetches the latest position data. This data is made available on the subsequent rising edges of the incoming clock signal. Once all 31 bits are sent, the data output is forced to 0 until the end of the clock time-out period. The output is forced to 1 when the time-out expires. The encoder is then ready for the transmission of new position data.

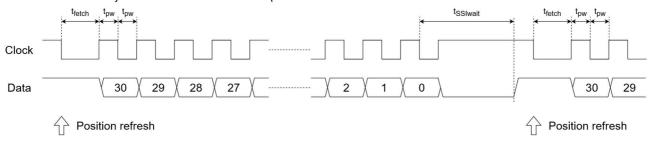


Fig. 3 SSI frame timing diagram for normal transmission.

Partial transmission

It is not mandatory to read the full 31 bit data frame. If only the first part of the frame is of interest for the controller, it can stop the transmission of the frame by holding the clock line high for a period exceeding the clock time-out. At the next falling edge of the clock, the position data will be refreshed and a new data frame started. Fig. 4 shows an example where only the first 8 bit of the frame are read.



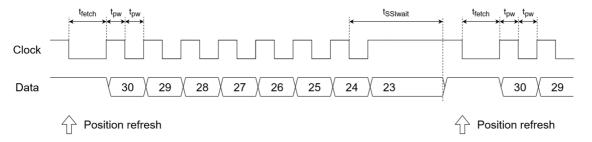


Fig. 4 SSI frame timing diagram for partial transmission, only the initial 8 bits are transmitted.

Position update rate

The internal position calculation engine has a fixed update period tupdate as shown in Fig. 5. The data that will be sent by the SSI will depend on the timing of the SSI frame leading clock edge with respect to the internal position calculation engine. If the SSI frame repetition rate is faster than the internal position calculation engine update rate, it may send twice the same position. If the SSI frame repetition rate is slower than the internal position calculation engine update rate, some of the internally calculated positions will be skipped.

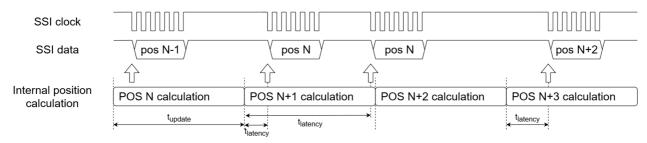


Fig. 5 Timing diagram showing the relation between the encoder-internal position calculation and the SSI output data.

Re-transmission

The encoder also implements the SSI multiple transmission mode: if an additional clock cycle is present before the expiration of the clock time-out at the end of the message, the position information is not updated and the exact same message is repeated (Fig. 6).

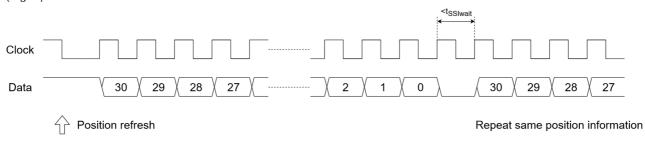


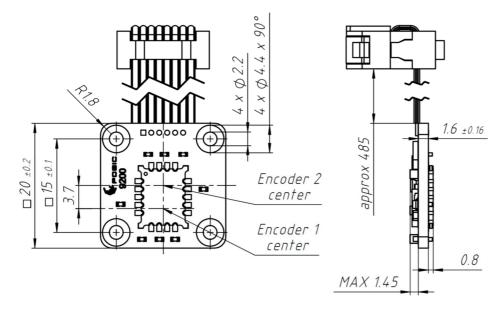
Fig. 6 SSI frame timing diagram for re-transmission of the previous data.

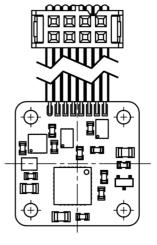
Linearity

For optimum performance, it is recommended to linearize the encoder by means of a Look-Up Table (LUT) that is located inside the microcontroller. The Evaluation & Programming Tool EPT002 and the associated ASSIST software provide several methods to linearize the AP9200L encoder. The LUT can be programmed by the user or it can be pre-programmed ex-factory by POSIC. The LUT option is selected in Table 4.



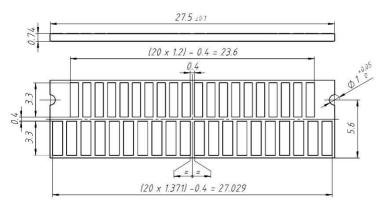
Technical drawings





Pin	SSI
1	5V Supply
2	Ground
3	Clock-
4	Clock+
5	Data-
6	Data+
7	Not Connected
8	Not Connected

Fig. 7 Dimensions and pin-out of AP9200 encoder. Encoder 1 center must be aligned to Track 1 center (Fig. 9) and Encoder 2 to Track 2. The height of the components on the backside of the encoder is 1.45 mm maximum. Spacers (plastic distance rings) of 1.6 mm height are delivered with the encoder in order to mount the encoder on a flat surface without the components touching the mounting-surface.



Coolo	Absolute	stroke	Period le	ngth mm	Length of
Scale	Periods	mm	Track 1	Track 2	scale mm
TPLA08	8	9.6	1.2	1.371	27.5
TPLA16	16	19.2	1.2	1.280	35.9
TPLA32	32	38.4	1.2	1.239	54.6

Fig. 9 Linear 2-track Nonius scale with different period lengths. The absolute stroke corresponds to N1 periods (of 1.2 mm each) on track 1 and to N2 periods on track 2. Track 2 has N2 = N1-1 periods.



Fig. 8 Four plastic spacers (plastic distance rings) of 1.6 mm thickness are optionally (Table 6) delivered with each encoder in order to mount the encoder on a flat surface and avoid that the components on the backside touch the mounting-surface. The height of the components is 1.45 mm maximum (Fig. 7).



Ordering information

Ordering code: AP9200L-ABBCCD-EEEEE-F-GGG-HH Table 1 Orientation BB Maximum speed Table 2 Table 3 CC Interface D Look-Up Table Table 4 EEEEE Table 5 Linear scale Spacers Table 6 GGG Cable Table 7 HH Connector Table 8

Table 1: Orientation. Arrows indicate direction of movement of the scale with increasing position.

Α	Orientation
0	Not progr. (default 0°)
3	0°
5	180°

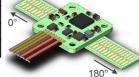


Table 2: Maximum speed

ВВ	Max speed (m/s)*	Typical filter- delay (ms)
00	Not programmed (def	ault 0.014 m/s)
01	0.014	30
02	0.029	15
03	0.058	8
04	0.11	4
05	0.23	2
06	0.46	1
07	0.93	0.5
08	1.8	0.25
09	3.7	0.125
21	7.5	0 at const. speed
22	15.0	0 at const. speed

^{*}Max speed valid at 25°C, temp. derating in specs, page 2. Lower Max speed leads to lower position-noise.

Table 3: Interface

CC Interface					
00	Not programmed (default SSI Binary)				
01	SSI, Binary				

Table 4: Look-Up Table (LUT)

D Look-Up Table programmed in OTP				
0	Not programmed			
1	LUT according to scale specified in Table 5			
8	Custom LUT, to be specified			

Table 5: Linear scale (Fig. 9)

EEEEE	EEEEE N1 N2 Max absolute range (mm)		Total scale length (mm)	
00000			No scale	
08028	8	7	9.6	27.5
16036	16	15	19.2	35.9
32055	32	31	38.4	54.6

The absolute stroke corresponds to N1 periods on track 1 and N2 periods on track 2. The scale is made of FR4-material and can be cut to the desired length.

Table 6: Spacers (distance rings, Fig. 8)

F	Spacers
0	No spacers
1	Including 4 spacers

Table 7: Cable

GGG	Flat twisted pair cable
000	No cable
050	Length 50
100	Length 100 cm

Cable temperature range: -20 to 80°C.

Table 8: Connector

НН	Connector
00	No connector
04	8-pin connector DIN 41651 (Fig. 6)

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